Automated External Defibrillator (AED)

- 2 Effective: August 1, 2007
- 3 Contact: Environmental Health & Safety

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25 Introduction

- The goal of an Automated External Defibrillator (AED) program is to increase the rate of survival of people who have sudden
- 27 cardiac arrests. AED programs are designed to provide equipment and training as an important means for providing
- enhanced life safety response measures. AEDs make it possible for lay responders to administer defibrillation prior to the
- arrival of Emergency Medical Services (EMS)
- 30 lowa State University is committed to the health and safety of its students, faculty, staff and visitors. This policy establishes
- an AED program for the ISU campus that will:
- Implement enhanced life safety response measures,
- Meet regulatory compliance,
- Provide continuity and consistency across campus in AED installation, maintenance and use and,
- Establish AED user training requirements.

36 Policy Statement

- 37 University departments and other units that choose to acquire an AED must comply with this policy and are hereafter
- 38 referred to as an AED owner.
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- 40 Scope
- 41 This policy and related procedures set forth the standards and responsibilities for the installation, modification, replacement,
- 42 repair, inspection, maintenance, and non-medical response of AEDs on the ISU campus. This policy does not pertain to the
- 43 procedures required during a medical response to a sudden cardiac arrest.
- 44 Definitions

- AED program coordinator: The Department of Environmental Health and Safety will provide the overall coordination of
 the ISU AED program.
- Automated external defibrillator (AED): A computerized medical device that analyzes heart rhythm to detect cardiac
 arrest and delivers an electric shock to the heart (defibrillation) if necessary.
- 49 Sudden cardiac arrest: A significant life-threatening event when a person's heart stops or fails to produce a pulse.

Liability and Good Samaritan Laws

- lowa law allows for the use of an AED during an emergency for the purpose of attempting to save the life of another person
- 52 who is, or who appears to be, in cardiac arrest. Accordingly, lowa law also expressly provides immunity from civil liability for
- those who obtain and maintain AEDs, and those who use such devices to attempt to save a life. Iowa Code 613.17, the Iowa
- 54 Good Samaritan Act, provides that a person who in good faith renders emergency care and assistance, without
- 55 compensation, shall not be responsible for civil damages for any acts of omissions during the provision of emergency care.
- The statute specifically indicates that "for purposes of this section, a person rendering emergency care or assistance
- 57 includes a person involved in a workplace rescue arising out of an emergency or accident." This Good Samaritan Act
- 58 provides protection to a rescuer, even an untrained rescuer, who uses an AED on a cardiac arrest victim.

59 Employee Liability

- 60 Iowa State University employees who have within the scope of their employment the responsibility to respond to
- 61 emergencies are provided protection from personal liability under the Iowa Tort Claims Act, Iowa Code Chapter 669. If the
- 62 employee does not have the responsibility to respond to emergencies in their job description and they do respond, they are
- 63 protected from liability by the Iowa Good Samaritan Law, Iowa Code Section 613.17 referenced above. This law specifically
- states that a person rendering emergency aid in the workplace is covered.
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66 Responsibilities

- 67 AED Owner
- 68 Departments and other administrative units that acquire an AED are responsible for operating and maintaining the device to
- 69 meet regulatory compliance, the standards of the manufacturer, programmatic standards of the American Heart Association
- or the American Red Cross, and the ISU policy. AED owners must:
- Designate an individual who will be responsible for the management of the AED program for the department or unit.
- 72 Develop an AED program for their respective department or unit.
- Submit the AED program to the AED Coordinator for approval prior to purchasing the AED.
- Ensure that inspections and maintenance are conducted in a timely manner and in accordance with written user and service manuals provided by the manufacturer.
- Purchase and replace batteries, pads and other supplies as needed.
- Provide or arrange for training and refresher training in AED use for staff. Units should make a reasonable effort to train
 sufficient staff in order to have at least one trained staff person on site during normal business hours.
- Maintain on-site records as listed below in the "Required Site Records" section.
- Notify the AED program coordinator within 24 hours of an incident.

81 Environmental Health and Safety

- A representative from the Environmental Health and Safety will serve as the ISU AED program coordinator. Environmental
- 83 Health and Safety will assist AED owners with program management. Environmental Health and Safety will:
- Approve AED programs submitted by departments or units.
- Notify the Purchasing Department of approved programs.
- 86 Coordinate AED equipment location with AED owner and building supervisor to promote easy access.
- 87 Conduct annual inspections to verify that AED owners are in compliance with this policy and maintain inspection records.
- Maintain and provide an inventory of AED locations on campus.
- Monitor updates to legislation and regulations.
- Act as a liaison between AED owners, manufacturers and health agencies to assist in unit maintenance and compliance
 issues.

- Conduct incident debriefing and complete follow-up report.
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94 Medical/Physician

- 95 The director of the ISU Occupational Medicine program will serve as the medical director for the AED program and will:
- Provide medical direction and expertise on proper AED use.
- 97 Review and approve guidelines for emergency procedures related to AED use.
- Assess post-event review forms.

99 Purchasing Department

- 100 Prior to the purchase of any AED equipment, the ISU Purchasing Department must receive notification from Environmental
- 101 Health and Safety that a department or unit has an approved AED program. The university has designated specific
- defibrillator equipment that can be installed on campus. As a result, acquisition of all AED equipment must be made through
- 103 Purchasing.

104 Responder

- Anyone may, at their discretion, provide voluntary assistance to victims of medical emergencies to the extent appropriate to
- their training and experience.

107 AED Policy Committee

- 108 The AED Policy Committee shall consist of the AED program coordinator, director of Occupational Medicine, and
- representatives from the Office of Risk Management, Public Safety, Purchasing and one AED owner. The AED program
- 110 coordinator will serve as chair of the committee and determine frequency of meetings. The Committee is responsible for:
- Monitoring the implementation of this policy.
- Advising the university on the needs and strategic campus locations that would most benefit from the installation of an
- AED, in the event that such resources become available.
- Reviewing all special circumstances. All requests for variations from the AED policy and procedures must be submitted
 to the AED program coordinator for review and approval by the committee.
- Approving policy changes.
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118 Required Site Records

- The following records must be maintained at the installed AED site:
- 120 Guidelines for use.
- 121 Manufacturer's instructions.
- Self-inspection records.
- Training records, including a description of the training program.
- The identity of the department's responsible person.
- 125 AED Incident Reports.

126 Training

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- 127 It is the responsibility of AED owners to provide or arrange for training and refresher training in AED use for staff and
- 128 maintain on-site training records, including a description of the training program. Iowa State University recommends that all
- 129 staff identified for AED training successfully complete an American Heart Association CPR/AED course or a national
- 130 acceptable equivalent.

Incident Notification and Documentation

- 132 Departments or units must notify the AED program coordinator within 24 hours of an incident. The AED program coordinator
- 133 will conduct an incident debriefing and complete an AED Incident Report.

134 Medical Response Documentation

- The AED program coordinator will provide the medical director with a copy of the AED Incident Report along with any other
- requested information or data.

137 Office of Risk Management

- 138 The Office of Risk Management is responsible for administering all claims involving Iowa State University. Claims must be
- 139 reported to the Office of Risk Management.
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Regulations and Legislation

- Cardiac Arrest Survival Act of 2000. U.S. Public Law 106-505 (11-13-2000). This law encourages the placement of AEDs in federal buildings (42 U.S.C. 238p) and provides nationwide Good Samaritan protection (42 U.S.C. 238q) that exempts from liability anyone who renders emergency treatment with a defibrillator to save someone's life.
- Community Access to Emergency Devices Act. Community AED Act. U.S. Public Law 107-188 (6-12-2002). This act authorizes federal grant funds for the purchase and placement of AEDs in public places, training First Responders on AEDs and encouraging private companies to purchase and train employees on use of AEDs (42 U.S.C. 244 and 245).
- Federal Food and Drug Administration Regulations. A good summary of these regulations is contained in the URMIA
 White Paper available from the Office of Risk Management. The most important requirement is that any AED program
 must have medical oversight by a physician familiar with sudden cardiac arrest and the operation of AEDs.
- Guidelines for Public Access Defibrillation Programs in Federal Facilities (January 18, 2001). 66 Federal Register
 2001. This publication provides a general framework for initiating a design process for an AED program in federal
 facilities and discusses the essential elements of such a program.
- Iowa Good Samaritan Act. Iowa Code §613.17. This act provides that a person who is in good faith renders emergency care and assistance, without compensation, shall not be responsible for civil damages for any acts of omissions during the provision of emergency care. The statute specifically indicates that "for purposes of this section, a person rendering emergency care or assistance includes a person involved in a workplace rescue arising out of an emergency or accident." This Good Samaritan Act provides protection to a rescuer, even an untrained rescuer, who uses an AED on a cardiac arrest victim.
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161 Resources

162 Links

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- Environmental Health and Safety AED Program
- Environmental Health and Safety Occupational Medicine Program
- Office of Risk Management
- Purchasing Department